



The
University
Of
Sheffield.

Electrospun Polymers as Acoustic Absorbers

SAPEM 2017, Le Mans

Aims

- Maximise absorption of material, but...
- Has to be
 - Thinner
 - Lighter
 - Less dense
 - (Ideally) cheaper

Solution

- Nanofibrous membranes, added to substrate
 - Membranes electrospun from PET
 - Characterised via SEM, and acoustically
- Allows decreased thickness, density, and weight
 - ...definitely doesn't meet cost!

Key Results

- Process allows tailoring of thickness, and fibre diameter
 - Diameter ranged from 70-100nm
 - Thickness ranged from 12-220 μ m
- The maximal increase in absorption coefficient of 100%
 - Membrane V + melamine, 500-2500Hz
- Greatest performance gain seen in mid-range frequencies.
 - Good news for automotive and petro-chemical

